UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number:

3235-0123 February 28, 2010 Expires:

Estimated average burden

hours per response.....12.00



ANNUAL AUDITED RESERVATION Processing **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FEB 2 3 2010

Section

SEC FILE NUMBER **8**- 50672

FACING PA	GE Washington, DC
FACING PACING PA	lers Pursuant (Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 at	nd Rule 17a-5 Thereunder
becarries Environment	

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	01/01/09 IG	AND ENDING	/09
KEPOKI FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. F	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: CLAYTO	ON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF I	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box 1	No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
2123 MAIN STREET	,		
	(No. and Street)		
NEW WOODSTOCK	NY	13122	
(City)	(State)	(Zip	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER O LEIGH GARBER	F PERSON TO CONTACT IN REG	(5	13) 002 7 100
		(A	rea Code - Telephone Number
В. А	CCOUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT BRACE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC	NT whose opinion is contained in th	is Report*	
	(Name - if individual, state last, first,	middle name)	
PMB 335, 123 NASHUA RD, UNIT 17	LONDONDERRY	NH	03053
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountage	nt ·		
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in	United States or any of its possessi	ons.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Υ	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, LEIGH GARBER	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of			
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial state CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC.	, 40			
c DECEMBER 31	0 09, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that			
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principa	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account			
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:				
KRISTY LYNNE SPRINGER NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF NEW YORK NO. 01SP6190946 Qualified in Albany County My Commission Expires August 04, 2012	PRESIDENT			
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):				
✓ (a) Facing Page.✓ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.				
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).				
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.			
 ✓ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity of ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated 	to Claims of Creditors.			
(g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.				
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-1 and the				
(i) A Proposition including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Order Rule 1965 I and the				
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of				
consolidation.				
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.				
 ⟨m⟩ A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. ⟨n⟩ A report describing any material inadequacies four. 	nd to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.			

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

BRACE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

PMB 335, 123 NASHUA ROAD, UNIT 17

LONDONDERRY, NH 03053

TEL. (603) 889-4243 FAX (603) 882-7371

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc. New Woodstock, NY

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Brace & Associates, PLLC Certified Public Accountant

Londonderry, New Hampshire

Brace & associates, PUC

February 18, 2010

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Deposits with clearing organizations Receivable from clearing organization Marketable securities	\$	227,938 50,094 89,437 74,750
Receivable from noncustomers Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost less, accumulated depreciation of \$228,070 Land Deferred tax asset Investment in affiliate		89,955 220,389 5,000 16,081 704,925
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	1,478,569
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities Payable to bank Deferred state tax liability Income taxes payable	\$	63,607 6,239 1,782 246,500
Total Liabilities		318,128
Stockholders' Equity Common stock, no par value, shares authorized		
200; 181 issued and outstanding shares		107,887
Additional paid-in-capital		100,000
Retained earnings		952,554
Total Stockholders' Equity		1,160,441
Total Stockholders' Equity and Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	1,478,569

STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Revenues:

Trading profits Interest and dividends Realized gain (loss) on securities Unrealized gain (loss) on securities Other income	\$ 3,565,974 7,712 (124) 500 15,846
	3,589,908
Expenses:	
Employee compensation and benefits Communications and clearing costs Occupancy Taxes, other than income taxes Other expenses	1,911,286 258,063 309,142 84,338 375,841 2,938,670
Income Before Income Taxes	651,238
Provision for Income Taxes	252,066
Net Income	\$ 399,172

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Common	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 107,887	\$ 100,000	\$ 553,382	\$ 761,269
			399,172	399,172
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 107,887	\$ 100,000	\$ 952,554	\$ 1,160,441

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:		\$	399,172
Net income		,	,
Adjustments to reconcile net income			
to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 44,622		
Depreciation	6,428		
Deferred taxes	(500)		
Unrealized gain on marketable securities	(= /		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:	48,071		
Decrease in receivable from clearing organization	-		
Increase in deposit with clearing organization	(11,674)		
Increase in receivable from noncustomers	(11,074)		
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	_		
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilites:	17,300		
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses			
Decrease in due to affiliate	(2,600) 125,341		
Increase in income taxes payable	123,341		
Total adjustments			226,988
Net cash provided by operating activities			626,160
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	\$ (77,256)		
Purchase of land	(5,000)		
Purchase of marketable securities	(74,250)		
Capital contributions to affiliated company	(321,000)		
Capital Contributions to armiates con-Fine			
Net cash used by investing activities			(477,506)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments on bank loans	\$ (10,000)		
Deposits from bank loans	5,143		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities			(4,857)
Net increase in cash			143,797
Cash at beginning of the year		***************************************	84,141
Cash at end of the year		<u>\$</u>	227,938
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest payments		\$	4,535
Income tax payments		\$	124,320
mounic tax paymonts		=	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2009

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES NOTE 1-

Organization and Nature of Business

The Company was incorporated in New York on September 22, 1997. It serves as a broker/dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

Fixed Assets

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance charges are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using accelerated methods for financial reporting and income tax purposes over their estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 15 years. For the period ended December 31, 2009 depreciation expense was \$44,622.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities Transactions

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management. These securities include investment securities (a) for which there is not a market on a securities exchange or no independent publicly quoted market, (b) that cannot be publicly offered or sold unless registration has been effected under the Securities Act of 1933, or (c) that cannot be offered or sold because of other arrangements, restrictions, or conditions applicable to the securities or to the Company. Marketable securities at December 31, 2009 were \$74,750.

Allowance for Bad Debts

The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Company are entitled to paid vacation, sick and personal days depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. Future compensation is prorated based upon employment for the upcoming year. It is impractical to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences, and accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The Company's policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Clearing Agreements

All company customer transactions are cleared on a fully disclosed basis through independent broker/dealers. The clients pay these broker/dealers various charges and fees for the clearing services provided. All customer related balances are carried on the books of the clearing agents.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all money markets and highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 2- NET CAPITAL

As a broker dealer, the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's regulations and operating guidelines, which require the Company to maintain a specified amount of net capital as defined, and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as derived, not exceeding 15 to 1. The Company's net capital as computed under 15c3-1, was \$108,748 at December 31, 2009, which exceeded required net capital of \$21,209 by \$87,539. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at December 31, 2009 was 292.5%.

NOTE 3- TAXES ON INCOME

Taxes on income consist of the following:

	Federal	State	Total
Current Deferred	\$192,138 5,396 \$197,534	\$ 53,500 1,032 \$ 54,532	\$245,638 6,428 \$252,066

Deferred income taxes arise from temporary differences resulting from income and expense items reported for financial accounting and tax purposes in different periods. Deferred tax assets are recorded to reflect deductible temporary differences and operating loss carryforwards while deferred tax liabilities are recorded to reflect taxable temporary differences.

The Company has elected to defer the provisions of FIN 48, Accounting for Income Taxes, under the provisions of FSP FIN 48-3. The Company uses a FAS 5, Loss Contingencies, approach for evaluating uncertain tax positions. We continually evaluate expiring statutes of limitations, audits, proposed settlements, changes in tax law and new authoritative rulings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 4- CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities with counterparties. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the credit worthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty with which it conducts business.

The Company's customer securities activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, Legent Clearing, the clearing broker/dealer, extends credit to the customer subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customer's account. The Company is responsible for the failure of a customer to comply with the terms of its margin agreement with Legent. The Company is also responsible for monitoring required margin levels and collecting additional margin deposits when necessary to comply with regulatory and Legent's internal margin requirements.

NOTE 5- RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases office and storage facilities from its owner on a month-to-month basis at \$2,400 and \$10,400 per month, respectively. Rent expense was \$117,350 for the year ended December 31, 2009. No amount was due to this related party at December 31, 2009.

NOTE 6- CASH DEPOSITED WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company is required by Legent to maintain an escrow account in the amount of \$50,094. If the agreement between the Company and Legent is terminated for any reason, Legent may deduct from the escrow account any amounts the Company owes Legent due to failure to meet any of its obligations under the agreement.

NOTE 7- PAYABLE TO BANK

The Company has a line of credit with the bank at an annual interest rate of 6.75% and a balance outstanding as of December 31, 2009 of \$6,239.

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS AND NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Total ownership equity from statement of financial condition	\$	1,160,441
Total nonallowable assets from statement of financial condition	((1,036,350)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		124,091
Haircuts on securities	\$	(15,343)
Net capital	\$	108,748
Aggregate indebtedness:		
Total A.I. liabilities from statement of financial condition	\$	318,128
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	318,128
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		292.5%
Computation of basic net capital requirement:		
Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of A.I.)	\$	21,209
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$	5,000
Net capital requirement	\$	21,209
Excess net capital	\$	87,539

RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 (X-17A-5) AT DECEMBER 31, 2009

SCHEDULE I (CONTINUED)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT December 31, 2009	
ADJUSTMENTS	·
FOCUS REPORT - PART IIA QUARTER ENDED December 31, 2009	PUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

	\$ 23,515	25,970	25,970	\$ (2.455)
	1,136,926	1,010,380	1,025,723	111,203
ΑΓ	↔			↔
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL	Total ownership equity from statement of financial condition	Deductions and/or charges: Total nonallowable assets from statement of financial condition Haircuts on securities	Total deductions	Net capital

108,748

1,036,350 15,343

1,051,693

SCHEDULE II

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC.

INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company had no items reportable as customers' fully paid securities: (1) not in the Company's possession or control as of the audit date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the audit date) but for which the required action was not taken by the Company within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3 or (2) for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as of the audit date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.

SCHEDULE III

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC.

SCHEDULE OF SEGREGATION REQUIREMENTS AND FUNDS IN SEGREGATION FOR CUSTOMERS' REGULATED COMMODITY FUTURES AND OPTION ACCOUNTS

DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company claims exemption from the segregation requirements of the Commodities Futures Act since it has no commodity customers as the term is defined in Regulation 1.3(k).

SCHEDULE IV

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC.

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER/DEALER UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

DECEMBER 31, 2009

Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc., is exempt from the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3 as its transactions are limited, such that they do not handle customer funds or securities, accordingly, the computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 and information relating to the possession or control requirement pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 are not applicable.

BRACE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

PMB 335, 123 NASHUA ROAD, UNIT 17

LONDONDERRY, NH 03053

TEL. (603) 889-4243 FAX (603) 882-7371

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc., (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2009, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weakness as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers Regulation, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brace: associates, PUC

Brace & Associates, PLLC Certified Public Accountant Londonderry, New Hampshire February 18, 2010

BRACE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountant

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC. SUPPLEMENTAL SIPC REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2009

BRACE & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

_Certified Public Accountant____

PMB 335, 123 NASHUA ROAD, UNIT 17

LONDONDERRY, NH 03053

TEL. (603) 889-4243 FAX (603) 882-7371

Board of Directors Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, I have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments, Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the Year Ended December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc.'s management is responsible for the Clayton, Lowell & Conger, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, I make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures I performed and my findings are as follows:

1) Compared listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;

2) Compared amounts included with the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009 with the amounts reported in the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T) for the year ended December 31, 2009, noting no differences;

3) Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;

4) Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting adjustments, noting that the Company did not deduct the first payment of \$150 when calculating the last assessment.

I was not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. Had I performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to my attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brace 3 associates, PUC February 18, 2010

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC. DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT PAYMENTS

General Assessment	\$ 6,960
Less Payments Made:	
Date Paid Amount	
<u>01-28-09</u> <u>\$ 150</u> <u>07-29-09</u> <u>2,365</u>	(2,515)
Interest on late payment(s)	
Total Assessment Balance and Interest Due	<u>\$ 4,445</u>
Payment made with Form SIPC 7T	<u>\$ 4,597</u>

CLAYTON, LOWELL & CONGER, INC. DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Total revenue	<u>\$ 2,788,306</u>
Additions:	
Various (list)	
Total additions	<u>\$ 0</u>
Deductions:	
Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts and from transactions in security futures products	0
Revenues from commodity transactions	0
Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions	0
Net gain from securities in investment accounts	0
100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in certificates of deposit, treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date	0
Other	4,417
Total deductions	<u>\$ 4,417</u>
SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES	<u>\$ 2,783,889</u>
GENERAL ASSESSMENT @ .0025	<u>\$ 6,960</u>